## SENATE BILL No. 144

#### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 27-4-1-4; IC 27-8-19.8; IC 34-30-2-116.3.

Synopsis: Viatical settlements. Makes a violation of the chapter concerning viatical settlements an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Specifies applicability of the law when a policy is owned by more than one person. Establishes certain requirements for viatical settlement brokers, viatical settlement providers, and insurers, including requirements concerning licensure, reporting, record keeping, examinations, confidentiality, liability for certain actions, financing, advertising, and viatical settlement of a policy less than two years after issuance. Specifies requirements when the insured has a "terminal illness or chronic illness", rather than a "catastrophic or life threatening illness". Repeals a definition of "viatical settlement agent" and a provision prohibiting an insurance producer from receiving a commission in connection with viatical settlement of a policy less than two years after the insurance producer's sale of the policy.

Effective: July 1, 2007.

# Steele

January 8, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Insurance and Financial Institutions.





#### First Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2007)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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### SENATE BILL No. 144

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning insurance.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTIO	N 1.	IC	27-4-1-4,	AS	AM	ENDED	BY	P.L.1-2006,
SECTION	487,	IS	AMEND	ED	TO	READ	AS	FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIV	/E JUI	LY 1	,2007]: Se	c.4.	The fo	ollowing	are he	reby defined
as unfair m	ethods	of	competitio	n an	d unf	air and d	lecep	tive acts and
practices in	the bu	ısine	ess of insur	ance	:			

- (1) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing to be made, issued, or circulated, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement:
  - (A) misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be issued or the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the dividends or share of the surplus to be received thereon;
  - (B) making any false or misleading statement as to the dividends or share of surplus previously paid on similar policies;
  - (C) making any misleading representation or any misrepresentation as to the financial condition of any insurer, or as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer operates;



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1	(D) using any name or title of any policy or class of policies
2	misrepresenting the true nature thereof; or
3	(E) making any misrepresentation to any policyholder insured
4	in any company for the purpose of inducing or tending to
5	induce such policyholder to lapse, forfeit, or surrender the
6	policyholder's insurance.
7	(2) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or placing
8	before the public, or causing, directly or indirectly, to be made,
9	published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public,
10	in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of
11	a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio or
12	television station, or in any other way, an advertisement,
13	announcement, or statement containing any assertion,
14	representation, or statement with respect to any person in the
15	conduct of the person's insurance business, which is untrue,
16	deceptive, or misleading.
17	(3) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, directly or
18	indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the making,
19	publishing, disseminating, or circulating of any oral or written
20	statement or any pamphlet, circular, article, or literature which is
21	false, or maliciously critical of or derogatory to the financial
22	condition of an insurer, and which is calculated to injure any
23	person engaged in the business of insurance.
24	(4) Entering into any agreement to commit, or individually or by
25	a concerted action committing any act of boycott, coercion, or
26	intimidation resulting or tending to result in unreasonable
27	restraint of, or a monopoly in, the business of insurance.
28	(5) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or making,
29	publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to any person,
30	or placing before the public, or causing directly or indirectly, to
31	be made, published, disseminated, circulated, delivered to any
32	person, or placed before the public, any false statement of
33	financial condition of an insurer with intent to deceive. Making
34	any false entry in any book, report, or statement of any insurer
35	with intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully appointed
36	to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or any
37	public official to which such insurer is required by law to report,
38	or which has authority by law to examine into its condition or into
39	any of its affairs, or, with like intent, willfully omitting to make a
40	true entry of any material fact pertaining to the business of such
41	insurer in any book, report, or statement of such insurer.
42	(6) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or



1	employees to issue or deliver, agency company stock or other
2	capital stock, or benefit certificates or shares in any common law
3	corporation, or securities or any special or advisory board
4	contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and
5	profits as an inducement to insurance.
6	(7) Making or permitting any of the following:
7	(A) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same
8	class and equal expectation of life in the rates or assessments
9	charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity or
10	in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any
11	other of the terms and conditions of such contract; however, in
12	determining the class, consideration may be given to the
13	nature of the risk, plan of insurance, the actual or expected
14	expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant
15	factor.
16	(B) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same
17	class involving essentially the same hazards in the amount of
18	premium, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made
19	for any policy or contract of accident or health insurance or in
20	the benefits payable thereunder, or in any of the terms or
21	conditions of such contract, or in any other manner whatever;
22	however, in determining the class, consideration may be given
23	to the nature of the risk, the plan of insurance, the actual or
24	expected expense of conducting the business, or any other
25	relevant factor.
26	(C) Excessive or inadequate charges for premiums, policy
27	fees, assessments, or rates, or making or permitting any unfair
28	discrimination between persons of the same class involving
29	essentially the same hazards, in the amount of premiums,
30	policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for:
31	(i) policies or contracts of reinsurance or joint reinsurance,
32	or abstract and title insurance;
33	(ii) policies or contracts of insurance against loss or damage
34	to aircraft, or against liability arising out of the ownership,
35	maintenance, or use of any aircraft, or of vessels or craft,
36	their cargoes, marine builders' risks, marine protection and
37	indemnity, or other risks commonly insured under marine,
38	as distinguished from inland marine, insurance; or
39	(iii) policies or contracts of any other kind or kinds of
40	insurance whatsoever.
41	However, nothing contained in clause (C) shall be construed to
42	apply to any of the kinds of insurance referred to in clauses (A)



and (B) nor to reinsurance in relation to such kinds of insurance. Nothing in clause (A), (B), or (C) shall be construed as making or permitting any excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory charge or rate or any charge or rate determined by the department or commissioner to meet the requirements of any other insurance rate regulatory law of this state. (8) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, knowingly permitting or offering to make or making any contract or policy of insurance of any kind or kinds whatsoever, including but not in limitation, life annuities, or agreement as to such contract or policy other than as plainly expressed in such contract or policy issued thereon, or paying or allowing, or giving or offering to pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as inducement to such insurance, or annuity, any rebate of premiums payable on the contract, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends, savings, or other benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration or inducement whatever not specified in the contract or policy; or giving, or selling, or purchasing or offering to give, sell, or purchase as inducement to such insurance or annuity or in connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other securities of any insurance company or other corporation, association, limited liability company, or partnership, or any dividends, savings, or profits accrued thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not specified in the contract. Nothing in this subdivision and subdivision (7) shall be construed as including within the definition of discrimination or rebates any of the following practices:

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(A) Paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from nonparticipating insurance, so long as any such bonuses or abatement of premiums are fair and equitable to policyholders and for the best interests of the company and its policyholders. (B) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who have continuously for a specified period made premium payments directly to an office of the insurer in an amount which fairly represents the saving in collection expense.

(C) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group insurance policy based on the loss or expense experience thereunder, at the end of the first year or of any subsequent year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive only for such policy year.









1	(D) Paying by an insurer or insurance producer thereof duly
2	licensed as such under the laws of this state of money,
3	commission, or brokerage, or giving or allowing by an insurer
4	or such licensed insurance producer thereof anything of value,
5	for or on account of the solicitation or negotiation of policies
6	or other contracts of any kind or kinds, to a broker, an
7	insurance producer, or a solicitor duly licensed under the laws
8	of this state, but such broker, insurance producer, or solicitor
9	receiving such consideration shall not pay, give, or allow
10	credit for such consideration as received in whole or in part,
11	directly or indirectly, to the insured by way of rebate.
12	(9) Requiring, as a condition precedent to loaning money upon the
13	security of a mortgage upon real property, that the owner of the
14	property to whom the money is to be loaned negotiate any policy
15	of insurance covering such real property through a particular
16	insurance producer or broker or brokers. However, this
17	subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any lender of the
18	lender's right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company
19	selected by the borrower to underwrite the insurance.
20	(10) Entering into any contract, combination in the form of a trust
21	or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of commerce in the
22	business of insurance.
23	(11) Monopolizing or attempting to monopolize or combining or
24	conspiring with any other person or persons to monopolize any
25	part of commerce in the business of insurance. However,
26	participation as a member, director, or officer in the activities of
27	any nonprofit organization of insurance producers or other
28	workers in the insurance business shall not be interpreted, in
29	itself, to constitute a combination in restraint of trade or as
30	combining to create a monopoly as provided in this subdivision
31	and subdivision (10). The enumeration in this chapter of specific
32	unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts and
33	practices in the business of insurance is not exclusive or
34	restrictive or intended to limit the powers of the commissioner or
35	department or of any court of review under section 8 of this
36	chapter.
37	(12) Requiring as a condition precedent to the sale of real or
38	personal property under any contract of sale, conditional sales
39	contract, or other similar instrument or upon the security of a
40	chattel mortgage, that the buyer of such property negotiate any
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policy of insurance covering such property through a particular

insurance company, insurance producer, or broker or brokers.



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1	However, this subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any
2	seller of such property or the one making a loan thereon of the
3	right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected
4	by the buyer to underwrite the insurance.
5	(13) Issuing, offering, or participating in a plan to issue or offer,
6	any policy or certificate of insurance of any kind or character as
7	an inducement to the purchase of any property, real, personal, or
8	mixed, or services of any kind, where a charge to the insured is
9	not made for and on account of such policy or certificate of
10	insurance. However, this subdivision shall not apply to any of the
11	following:
12	(A) Insurance issued to credit unions or members of credit
13	unions in connection with the purchase of shares in such credit
14	unions.
15	(B) Insurance employed as a means of guaranteeing the
16	performance of goods and designed to benefit the purchasers
17	or users of such goods.
18	(C) Title insurance.
19	(D) Insurance written in connection with an indebtedness and
20	intended as a means of repaying such indebtedness in the
21	event of the death or disability of the insured.
22	(E) Insurance provided by or through motorists service clubs
23	or associations.
24	(F) Insurance that is provided to the purchaser or holder of an
25	air transportation ticket and that:
26	(i) insures against death or nonfatal injury that occurs during
27	the flight to which the ticket relates;
28	(ii) insures against personal injury or property damage that
29	occurs during travel to or from the airport in a common
30	carrier immediately before or after the flight;
31	(iii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which
32	the ticket relates; or
33	(iv) insures against a flight cancellation to which the ticket
34	relates.
35	(14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or
36	medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made
37	under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an
38	insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical
39	facility licensed by the state department of health.
40	(15) Refusing to insure an individual, refusing to continue to issue
41	insurance to an individual, limiting the amount, extent, or kind of
42	coverage available to an individual, or charging an individual a



1	different rate for the same coverage, solely because of that
2	individual's blindness or partial blindness, except where the
3	refusal, limitation, or rate differential is based on sound actuarial
4	principles or is related to actual or reasonably anticipated
5	experience.
6	(16) Committing or performing, with such frequency as to
7	indicate a general practice, unfair claim settlement practices (as
8	defined in section 4.5 of this chapter).
9	(17) Between policy renewal dates, unilaterally canceling an
10	individual's coverage under an individual or group health
11	insurance policy solely because of the individual's medical or
12	physical condition.
13	(18) Using a policy form or rider that would permit a cancellation
14	of coverage as described in subdivision (17).
15	(19) Violating IC 27-1-22-25, IC 27-1-22-26, or IC 27-1-22-26.1
16	concerning motor vehicle insurance rates.
17	(20) Violating IC 27-8-21-2 concerning advertisements referring
18	to interest rate guarantees.
19	(21) Violating IC 27-8-24.3 concerning insurance and health plan
20	coverage for victims of abuse.
21	(22) Violating IC 27-8-26 concerning genetic screening or testing.
22	(23) Violating IC 27-1-15.6-3(b) concerning licensure of
23	insurance producers.
24	(24) Violating IC 27-1-38 concerning depository institutions.
25	(25) Violating IC 27-8-28-17(c) or IC 27-13-10-8(c) concerning
26	the resolution of an appealed grievance decision.
27	(26) Violating IC 27-8-5-2.5(e) through IC 27-8-5-2.5(j) or
28	IC 27-8-5-19.2.
29	(27) Violating IC 27-2-21 concerning use of credit information.
30	(28) Violating IC 27-4-9-3 concerning recommendations to senior
31	consumers.
32	(29) Violating IC 27-8-19.8 concerning viatical settlements.
33	SECTION 2. IC 27-8-19.8-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
34	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
35	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 0.5. As used in this chapter,
36	"advertising" means:
37	(1) written, electronic, or printed communication; or
38	(2) communication:
39	(A) by means of a recorded telephone message; or
40	(B) transmitted on radio, television, the Internet, or similar
41	communications media;
42	including a film strip, motion picture, or video;



1	that is published, disseminated, circulated, or placed directly	
2	before the public in Indiana to create an interest in or induce a	
3	person to sell, assign, devise, bequest, or transfer the death benefit	
4	or ownership of a policy under a viatical settlement contract.	
5	SECTION 3. IC 27-8-19.8-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
6	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1.5. As used in this chapter,	
8	"business of viatical settlements" means an activity related to the:	
9	(1) offer;	
10	(2) solicitation;	
11	(3) negotiation;	
12	(4) procurement;	
13	(5) effectuation;	
14	(6) purchase;	
15	(7) investment;	
16	(8) financing;	
17	(9) monitoring;	
18	(10) tracking;	
19	(11) underwriting;	
20	(12) sale;	
21	(13) transfer;	
22	(14) assignment;	
23	(15) pledge; or	
24	(16) hypothecation;	
25	of a viatical settlement contract.	
26	SECTION 4. IC 27-8-19.8-1.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
27	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
28	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1.7. As used in this chapter,	V
29	"chronic illness" means an illness or condition that causes an	
30	individual to:	
31	(1) be unable to perform at least two (2) activities of daily	
32	living, including eating, toileting, transferring, bathing,	
33	dressing, or continence;	
34	(2) require substantial supervision to protect the individual	
35	from a threat to health and safety due to severe cognitive	
36	impairment; or	
37	(3) have a level of disability similar to the level of disability	
38	described in subdivision (1), as determined by the secretary of	
39	the United States Department of Health and Human Services.	
40	SECTION 5. IC 27-8-19.8-1.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
41	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
42	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1.8. As used in this chapter,	



1	"commissioner" refers to the insurance commissioner appointed	
2	under IC 27-1-1-2.	
3	SECTION 6. IC 27-8-19.8-2.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
4	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
5	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2.4. (a) As used in this chapter,	
6	"financing entity" means an underwriter, a placement agent, a	
7	lender, a purchaser of securities, a purchaser of a policy or	
8	certificate from a viatical settlement provider, a credit enhancer,	
9	or an entity that has a direct ownership in a policy that is the	
0	subject of a viatical settlement contract:	
.1	(1) whose principal activity related to the viatical settlement	
2	is providing funds to effect the viatical settlement or purchase	
3	of a viaticated policy; and	
4	(2) who has an agreement in writing with a licensed viatical	
.5	settlement provider to:	
6	(A) finance the acquisition of a viatical settlement contract;	
7	or	U
.8	(B) provide stop loss insurance.	
9	(b) The term does not include a nonaccredited investor.	
20	SECTION 7. IC 27-8-19.8-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
21	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
22	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2.5. As used in this chapter,	
23	"fraudulent viatical settlement act" includes the following:	
24	(1) An act or omission committed by a person who, knowingly	_
25	or with intent to defraud, for the purpose of depriving	
26	another person of property or for pecuniary gain commits, or	
27	permits the person's employees or agents to engage in, acts	
28	including the following:	V
29	(A) Presenting, causing to be presented, or preparing with	
30	knowledge or belief that it will be presented to or by a	
31	viatical settlement provider, viatical settlement broker,	
32	financing entity, insurer, insurance producer, or another	
33	person, false material information, or concealing material	
4	information, as part of, in support of, or concerning a fact	
55	material to one (1) or more of the following:	
56	(i) An application for the issuance of a policy or viatical	
57	settlement contract.	
8	(ii) The underwriting of a policy or viatical settlement	
19	contract.	
10	(iii) A claim for payment or benefit under a policy or	
1	viatical settlement contract.	
-2	(iv) Premiums paid on a policy.	



1	(v) Payments and changes in ownership or beneficiary	
2	made in accordance with the terms of a policy or viatical	
3	settlement contract.	
4	(vi) The reinstatement or conversion of a policy.	
5	(vii) The solicitation, offer, effectuation, or sale of a	
6	viatical settlement contract.	
7	(viii) The issuance of written evidence of a policy or	
8	viatical settlement contract.	
9	(ix) A financing transaction.	
10	(B) Employing a device, a scheme, or an artifice to defraud	
11	related to a viaticated policy.	
12	(2) In the furtherance of a fraud or to prevent the detection of	
13	a fraud, committing or permitting the person's employees or	
14	agents to do one (1) or more of the following:	
15	(A) Remove, conceal, alter, destroy, or sequester from the	
16	commissioner the assets or records of a licensee or another	
17	person engaged in the business of viatical settlements.	
18	(B) Misrepresent or conceal the financial condition of a	
19	licensee, a financing entity, an insurer, or another person.	
20	(C) Transact the business of viatical settlements in	
21	violation of laws requiring a license, a certificate of	=4
22	authority, or another legal authority for the transaction of	
23	the business of viatical settlements.	
24	(D) File with the commissioner or the chief insurance	
25	regulatory official of another jurisdiction a document	
26	containing false information or otherwise conceal from the	
27	commissioner or regulatory official information about a	
28	material fact.	V
29	(3) Embezzlement, theft, misappropriation, or conversion of	
30	money, funds, premiums, credits, or other property of a	
31	viatical settlement provider, a viatical settlement broker, an	
32	insurance producer, an insurer, an insured, a viator, a policy	
33	owner, or another person engaged in the business of viatical	
34	settlements or the business of insurance.	
35	(4) Recklessly entering into, negotiating, or otherwise dealing	
36	in a viatical settlement contract, the subject of which is a	
37	policy that was obtained by:	
38	(A) presenting false information concerning a fact material	
39	to the policy; or	
40	(B) concealing, for the purpose of misleading another,	
41	information concerning a fact material to the policy;	
42.	where the viator or the viator's agent intended to defraud the	



1	insurer that issued the policy.
2	(5) Facilitating the change of state of residency of a policy or
3	a viator to avoid compliance with this chapter.
4	(6) Attempting to commit, assist, aid, or abet in the
5	commission of, or conspiracy to commit, one (1) or more of
6	the acts or omissions described in subdivisions (1) through (5).
7	SECTION 8. IC 27-8-19.8-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.223-2005,
8	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "insured" refers to an
10	individual whose life is the subject of insurance under a life insurance
11	policy. <del>or contract.</del>
12	SECTION 9. IC 27-8-19.8-3.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
13	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
14	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3.2. As used in this chapter,
15	"licensee" refers to the following:
16	(1) A viatical settlement provider that is licensed under this
17	chapter.
18	(2) A person that is authorized under section 8.5 of this
19	chapter to act as a viatical settlement broker.
20	SECTION 10. IC 27-8-19.8-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
21	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
22	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3.5. As used in this chapter,
23	"NAIC" refers to the National Association of Insurance
24	Commissioners.
25	SECTION 11. IC 27-8-19.8-3.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
26	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
27	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3.6. As used in this chapter,
28	"policy" means an individual policy, a group policy, a group
29	certificate, a contract, or an arrangement of life insurance that:
30	(1) affects the rights of an Indiana resident; or
31	(2) has a reasonable relation to Indiana;
32	regardless of whether the policy, certificate, contract, or
33	arrangement is delivered or issued for delivery in Indiana.
34	SECTION 12. IC 27-8-19.8-3.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
35	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
36	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3.7. As used in this chapter,
37	"recklessly" means:
38	(1) in conscious and clearly unjustifiable disregard of a
39	substantial likelihood of the existence of relevant facts or
40	risks; and
41	(2) involving a gross deviation from acceptable standards of
42	conduct.



1	SECTION 13. IC 27-8-19.8-3.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
2	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3.8. As used in this chapter,	
4	"related provider trust" means a titling trust or another trust:	
5	(1) that was established by a viatical settlement provider or a	
6	financing entity for the sole purpose of holding the ownership	
7	or beneficial interest in a viaticated policy in connection with	
8	a transaction for the financing of a viatical settlement	
9	contract; and	
10	(2) that has a written agreement with a viatical settlement	
11	provider under which:	
12	(A) the viatical settlement provider is responsible for	
13	ensuring compliance with legal requirements; and	
14	(B) the trust agrees to make all records and files related to	
15	transactions concerning viatical settlement contracts	
16	available to the commissioner as if those records and files	
17	were maintained directly by the viatical settlement	
18	provider.	
19	SECTION 14. IC 27-8-19.8-3.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
20	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3.9. As used in this chapter,	
22	"special purpose entity" means a corporation, partnership, trust,	
23	limited liability company, or similar entity formed only to directly	
24	or indirectly provide access to institutional capital markets for a	
25	financing entity or viatical settlement provider.	
26	SECTION 15. IC 27-8-19.8-4.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
27	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
28	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4.1. As used in this chapter,	
29	"terminal illness" means an illness that is reasonably expected to	
30	result in death in twenty-four (24) months or less.	
31	SECTION 16. IC 27-8-19.8-4.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4.5. As used in this	
33	chapter, "viatical settlement broker" means a person that represents a	
34	viator and, for a fee, commission, or other valuable consideration,	
35	solicits, offers, or attempts to negotiate viatical settlements settlement	
36	contracts between a viator and one (1) or more viatical settlement	
37	providers.	
38	SECTION 17. IC 27-8-19.8-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5. (a) As used in this	
40	chapter, "viatical settlement provider" means a person, other than a	
41	viator, that	
42	(1) enters into or effectuates a viatical settlement contract with	



1	a viator. <del>or</del>
2	(2) obtains financing for the purchase, acquisition, transfer, or
3	other assignment of one (1) or more viatical settlement contracts,
4	viaticated policies, or interests therein, or otherwise sells, assigns,
5	transfers, pledges, hypothecates, or disposes of one (1) or more
6	viatical settlement contracts, viaticated policies, or interests
7	therein.
8	(b) The term does not include any of the following:
9	(1) A bank, savings bank, savings association, credit union, or
10	other licensed lending institution that takes an assignment of a life
11	insurance policy as collateral for a loan.
12	(2) The issuer of a life insurance policy that makes a policy loan,
13	permits surrender of the policy, or pays other policy benefits,
14	including accelerated benefits, in accordance with the terms of the
15	policy.
16	(3) An authorized or eligible insurer that provides stop loss
17	coverage to a viatical settlement provider, financing entity,
18	special purpose entity, or related provider trust.
19	(4) A financing entity.
20	(5) A special purpose entity.
21	(6) A related provider trust.
22	(7) An accredited investor or qualified institutional buyer (as
23	defined in Regulation D, Rule 501 or Rule 144A of the federal
24	Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a -77aa)) that purchases a
25	viaticated policy from a viatical settlement provider.
26	SECTION 18. IC 27-8-19.8-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
27	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 6. (a) As used in this
28	chapter, "viatical settlement contract" means an a written agreement
29	for the purchase, sale, assignment, transfer, devise, or bequest of a
30	portion of the death benefit or ownership of a life insurance policy or
31	contract for consideration that establishes the terms under which
32	compensation or anything of value is paid for a policy, which
33	compensation or value is less than the expected death benefit of the
34	life insurance policy, or contract. in return for the viator's
35	assignment, transfer, sale, devise, or bequest of the death benefit or
36	ownership of any part of the policy, regardless of the date on which
37	compensation is paid to the viator.
38	<b>(b)</b> The term does not include the following:
39	(1) A loan by an insurer under the terms of a life insurance policy,
40	including a loan secured by the cash value of a policy.
41	(2) An agreement with a bank, savings bank, savings and loan
42	association, credit union, or other licensed lending institution that



1	takes an assignment of a life insurance policy as collateral for a	
2	loan.	
3	(3) The provision of accelerated death benefits by an insurer to an	
4	insured under the provisions of a life insurance contract. policy.	
5	(4) Agreements between an insurer and a reinsurer.	
6	(5) An agreement by a person who enters into not more than one	
7	(1) such agreement in any five (5) year period to:	
8	(A) purchase a life insurance policy; or	
9	<b>(B)</b> contract for the transfer of a life insurance policy;	
10	for a value that is less than the expected death benefit.	
11	SECTION 19. IC 27-8-19.8-6.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 6.5. As used in this	•
13	chapter, "viaticated policy" means a life insurance policy or certificate	
14	that has been acquired by a viatical settlement provider under a viatical	
15	settlement contract.	
16	SECTION 20. IC 27-8-19.8-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	4
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8. (a) As used in this	
18	chapter, "viator" refers to the owner of a life insurance policy or a	
19	certificate holder under a group policy that insures the life of an insured	
20	who enters or seeks to enter into a viatical settlement contract.	
21	(b) The term does not include the following:	
22	(1) A viatical settlement provider as provided by this chapter,	
23	including an insurance producer acting as a viatical	
24	settlement broker.	
25	(2) A qualified institutional buyer (as defined in Rule 144A of	
26	the Federal Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a-77aa)).	
27	(3) A financing entity.	<b>T</b>
28	(4) A special purpose entity.	
29	(5) A related provider trust.	
30	SECTION 21. IC 27-8-19.8-8.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
31	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
32	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8.3. If:	
33	(1) there is more than one (1) owner of a single policy; and	
34	(2) the owners of the policy are residents of different states;	
35	a viatical settlement of the policy is governed by the law of the state	
36	in which the owner having the largest percentage of ownership	
37	resides or, if the owners hold equal ownership, the state of	
38	residence of one (1) owner as agreed upon in writing by all owners.	
39	SECTION 22. IC 27-8-19.8-8.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8.5. The following must	
41	be licensed as an (a) Except as provided in section 8.6 of this	
42	chapter, only a:	



1	(1) licensed insurance producer with a life qualification under
2	IC 27-1-15.6-7 who is a resident of Indiana; or
3	(2) nonresident insurance producer who is licensed with a life
4	qualification in another state;
5	and who has been licensed with the life qualification in the
6	insurance producer's home state for at least one (1) year may act
7	as
8	(1) a viatical settlement broker.
9	(2) A person who solicits, offers, or attempts to negotiate a
0	viatical settlement contract with a viator.
1	(b) An insurance producer described in subsection (a) shall, not
2	more than thirty (30) days after the first date the insurance
3	producer acts as a viatical settlement broker:
4	(1) notify the commissioner, on a form prescribed by the
.5	commissioner:
6	(A) that the insurance producer is acting; and
7	(B) acknowledging that the insurance producer will act;
8	as a viatical settlement broker in accordance with this
9	chapter; and
20	(2) pay any notification fee determined by the commissioner.
21	SECTION 23. IC 27-8-19.8-8.6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8.6. The following are
23	exempt from the licensing requirement under IC 27-8-19.8-8.5: may
24	operate as a viatical settlement broker without meeting the
25	requirements of section 8.5 of this chapter:
26	(1) An accountant, an attorney, or a financial planner retained to
27	represent the viator, and whose compensation is paid directly by
28	or at the direction of the viator.
29	(2) A regularly salaried officer or employee of a viatical
0	settlement broker or viatical settlement provider, if the officer or
51	employee's duties and responsibilities do not include the
32	solicitation or negotiation of viatical settlement contracts.
3	(3) (2) The following persons, to the extent that the person is
4	engaged in the administration or operation of a program of
55	employee benefits for the person's employees or the employees of
66	the person's subsidiaries or affiliates involving the use of viatical
37	settlement contracts issued by a licensed viatical settlement
8	provider, if the person is not in any manner directly or indirectly
9	compensated by the viatical settlement provider:
10	(A) An employer.
1	(B) An officer or employee of an employer.
12	(C) A trustee of an employee trust plan.



1	SECTION 24. IC 27-8-19.8-8.7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8.7. (a) A viatical
3	settlement broker:
4	(1) represents only the viator; and
5	(2) owes a fiduciary duty to the viator to act according to the
6	viator's instructions and in the best interest of the viator;
7	regardless of the manner in which the viatical settlement broker is
8	compensated.
9	(b) An insurer that issues a policy that is the subject of a
)	possible viatical settlement contract is not responsible for an act or
	omission:
	(1) of a viatical settlement broker or viatical settlement
	provider; and
	(2) that arises out of or in connection with the viatical
	settlement;
	unless the insurer receives compensation from the viatical
	settlement broker for placement of the viatical settlement contract,
	or from the viatical settlement provider for the viatical settlement
	contract.
	SECTION 25. IC 27-8-19.8-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 11. The department
	shall investigate an applicant and issue a license to the applicant if the
	department finds all of the following:
	(1) The applicant is competent and trustworthy and intends to act
	in good faith as a viatical settlement provider.
	(2) The applicant has a good business reputation.
	(3) The applicant has had the experience, training, or education
	to qualify the applicant as a viatical settlement provider.
	(4) If the applicant is a corporation, or limited liability
	corporation, it is either:
	(A) incorporated under Indiana law; or
	(B) authorized to do business in Indiana.
	(5) The applicant has provided to the commissioner:
	(A) a detailed plan of operation; and
	(B) an antifraud plan that meets the requirements of this
	chapter.
'	SECTION 26. IC 27-8-19.8-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 16. (a) The department
)	may at any time require a viatical settlement provider or an applicant
)	for a license to disclose fully the identity of all of the viatical settlement
1	provider's or applicant's officers, employees, partners, and
2	stockholders.



1	(b) A viatical settlement provider shall, less than thirty (30) days
2	after a change, provide to the commissioner new or revised
3	information concerning officers, stockholders that hold ten percent
4	(10%) or more of the viatical settlement provider's stock, partners,
5	directors, members, or designated employees.
6	SECTION 27. IC 27-8-19.8-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 17. (a) A viatical
8	settlement provider shall file with the department an annual report
9	containing information prescribed in rules adopted by the department
0	under IC 4-22-2.
1	(b) The rules adopted by the department under subsection (a) shall:
2	must:
.3	(1) set the date by which annual reports must be submitted; and
4	(2) limit the information included in an annual report to:
.5	(A) viatical settlements in which the viator is an Indiana
6	resident; and
7	(B) information that does not include:
8	(i) individual transaction data regarding the business of
9	viatical settlements; or
0	(ii) data that compromises the privacy of personal,
1	financial, and health information of the viator or
2	insured.
3	(c) A viatical settlement provider shall maintain records of each
4	viatical settlement at least five (5) years after the death of the insured.
.5	SECTION 28. IC 27-8-19.8-17.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
6	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 17.2. (a) A licensee or a person
8	described in section 8.6 of this chapter shall, for at least five (5)
9	years, retain copies of all:
0	(1) executed viatical settlement contracts, underwriting
1	documents, policy forms, and viatical settlement contract
2	applications from the date of the execution of the viatical
3	settlement contract;
4	(2) checks, drafts, or other evidence and documentation
5	related to the payment, transfer, deposit, or release of funds
6	from the date of a viatical settlement; and
7	(3) other records and documents related to activities
8	conducted under this chapter.
9	(b) If a licensee or person described in section 8.6 of this chapter
0	retains documents specified in subsection (a) for more than five (5)
1	years, the licensee or person shall produce the documents upon
-2	request from the commissioner.



1	(c) Records described in subsection (a):
2	(1) must be legible and complete; and
3	(2) may be retained in paper, photographic, microprocess,
4	magnetic, mechanical, or electronic media, or by a process
5	that accurately reproduces or forms a durable medium for the
6	reproduction of a record.
7	SECTION 29. IC 27-8-19.8-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18. (a) When the
9	department reasonably considers it necessary for the protection of the
10	public, the department may examine the business and other affairs of
11	a viatical settlement provider or an applicant.
12	(b) The department may order a viatical settlement provider or an
13	applicant to produce records, books, files, or other information
14	reasonably necessary to ascertain whether the viatical settlement
15	provider or the applicant has violated or is violating the law or
16	otherwise has acted or is acting contrary to the public interest.
17	(c) The viatical settlement provider or applicant shall pay the
18	expenses of an examination conducted under this section.
19	(a) The commissioner may conduct an examination of a licensee
20	as the commissioner, in the commissioner's sole discretion,
21	determines appropriate.
22	(b) The commissioner may, for purposes of completing an
23	examination of a licensee under this section, examine or investigate
24	any person, or the business of any person, to the extent that the
25	examination or investigation is, in the sole discretion of the
26	commissioner, necessary or material to the examination of the
27	licensee.
28	(c) Instead of an examination under this section of a nonresident
29	licensee that is licensed in Indiana, the commissioner may accept
30	an examination report concerning the licensee from the
31	commissioner of insurance of the licensee's state of residence.
32	(d) Upon determining that an examination should be conducted
33	under this section, the commissioner shall issue an examination
34	warrant that appoints one (1) or more examiners to perform the
35	examination and instructs the examiner as to the scope of the
36	examination. In conducting the examination, the examiner shall
37	observe:
38	(1) the guidelines and procedures set forth in the Examiners'
39	Handbook adopted by the NAIC; and
40	(2) any guidelines and procedures prescribed by the
41	commissioner, as determined appropriate by the
42	commissioner.



1	(e) A person from whom information is sought in connection
2	with an examination under this section, and the person's officers,
3	directors, and agents, shall provide to an examiner appointed
4	under subsection (d) timely, convenient, and free access:
5	(1) at all reasonable hours at the person's offices; and
6	(2) to all books, records, accounts, papers, documents, assets,
7	and computer or other recordings related to the property,
8	assets, business, and affairs of the licensee being examined.
9	The officers, directors, employees, and agents of the person shall
10	facilitate the examination and aid in the examination to the extent
11	possible.
12	(f) The refusal of a licensee, by the licensee's officers, directors,
13	employees, or agents, to submit to examination or to comply with
14	a reasonable written request from the commissioner is grounds for
15	denial, suspension, or nonrenewal, after a proceeding under
16	IC 4-21.5, of the licensee's license or authority to engage in the
17	business of viatical settlements or other business that is subject to
18	the commissioner's jurisdiction.
19	(g) The commissioner may issue subpoenas, administer oaths,
20	and examine under oath any person as to any matter relevant to an
21	examination. If the person fails or refuses to obey a subpoena, the
22	commissioner may petition a court with jurisdiction and, upon
23	proper showing, the court may enter an order compelling the
24	person to appear and testify or produce documentary evidence.
25	Failure to obey the court order is punishable as contempt of court.
26	(h) When making an examination under this section, the
27	commissioner may retain attorneys, appraisers, independent
28	actuaries, independent certified public accountants, and other
29	professionals and specialists as examiners. The reasonable cost of
30	the services provided by persons appointed under this subsection
31	must be borne by the licensee that is the subject of the examination.
32	(i) This section does not limit the commissioner's authority to do
33	the following:
34	(1) Terminate or suspend an examination and pursue other
35	legal action under this title. Findings of fact and conclusions
36	made under an examination are prima facie evidence in a
37	legal action referred to in this subsection.
38	(2) Use and, if appropriate, make public:
39	(A) a final or preliminary examination report;
40	(B) examiner or licensee work papers or other documents;
41	or
42	(C) other information discovered or developed during the



1	course of an examination;	
2	in the furtherance of a legal action that the commissioner, in	
3	the commissioner's sole discretion, considers appropriate.	
4	(j) Examination reports must be comprised solely of:	
5	(1) facts that:	
6	(A) appear on the books, records, or other documents of	
7	the licensee, the licensee's agents, or other persons	
8	examined; or	
9	(B) are ascertained from the testimony of the licensee's	
10	officers or agents or other persons examined concerning	
11	the licensee's affairs; and	
12	(2) conclusions and recommendations the examiners find	
13	reasonably warranted from the facts described in subdivision	
14	(1).	
15	(k) Not later than sixty (60) days after completion of an	
16	examination, the examiner in charge shall file with the	
17	commissioner a verified written report of examination under oath.	
18	(l) Upon receipt of a report described in subsection (k), the	
19	commissioner shall transmit to the licensee:	
20	(1) the report; and	
21	(2) notice that the licensee may, not more than thirty (30) days	
22	after receiving the notice, make a written submission or	
23	rebuttal with respect to matters contained in the report.	
24	(m) If the commissioner determines, as a result of an	
25	examination, that regulatory action is appropriate, the	
26	commissioner may initiate proceedings as provided by law.	
27	SECTION 30. IC 27-8-19.8-18.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
28	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	V
29	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18.1. (a) Names and individual	
30	identification data for viators are confidential for purposes of	
31	IC 5-14-3-4(a)(1) and may not be disclosed by the commissioner,	
32	unless required by law.	
33	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter or in the law of	
34	another state or jurisdiction that is substantially similar to this	
35	chapter:	
36	(1) an examination report;	
37	(2) a working paper;	
38	(3) recorded information;	
39	(4) another document; or	
40	(5) a copy of an item described in subdivision (1), (2), (3), or	
41	(4);	
42	that is produced by, obtained by, or disclosed to the commissioner	



1	or another person in the course of an examination made under this
2	chapter or the law of another state or jurisdiction that is
3	substantially similar to this chapter, or in the course of analysis or
4	investigation by the commissioner of the financial condition or
5	market conduct of a licensee, is confidential for purposes of
6	IC 5-14-3-4(a)(1) and privileged, not subject to subpoena, and not
7	subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in a private civil
8	action.
9	(c) The commissioner may use information specified in
10	subsection (a) in the furtherance of a legal action brought as part
11	of the commissioner's official duties.
12	(d) Documents, materials, and other information, including
13	working papers and copies of documents, materials, and other
14	information, in the possession or control of the NAIC and affiliates
15	and subsidiaries of the NAIC are confidential and privileged, not
16	subject to subpoena, and not subject to discovery or admissible in
17	evidence in a private civil action if the documents, materials, or
18	other information are:
19	(1) created, produced, or obtained by or disclosed to the NAIC
20	and affiliates and subsidiaries of the NAIC in the course of
21	assisting an examination made under this chapter or assisting
22	a commissioner in the analysis or investigation of the financial
23	condition or market conduct of a licensee; or
24	(2) disclosed to the NAIC and affiliates and subsidiaries of the
25	NAIC under subsection (f) by the commissioner;
26	(e) Neither the commissioner nor a person that receives
27	documents, materials, or other information while acting under the
28	authority of the commissioner, including the NAIC and affiliates
29	and subsidiaries of the NAIC, may testify in a private civil action
30	concerning confidential documents, materials, or information
31	described in subsection (a).
32	(f) To assist in the performance of the commissioner's duties, the
33	commissioner:
34	(1) may share documents, materials, and other information,
35	including confidential and privileged documents, materials,
36	and information described in subsection (a), with other state,
37	federal, and international regulatory agencies, the NAIC and
38	affiliates and subsidiaries of the NAIC, and state, federal, and
39	international law enforcement authorities, if the recipient

agrees to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of

(2) may receive documents, materials, and other information,

the documents, materials, and other information;





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1	including otherwise confidential and privileged documents,	
2	materials, or information, from the NAIC, affiliates and	
3	subsidiaries of the NAIC, and regulatory and law enforcement	
4	officials of other jurisdictions in the United States; and	
5	(3) shall maintain as confidential or privileged a document,	
6	material, or information received with notice or the	
7	understanding that the document, material, or information is	
8	confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction	
9	that is the source of the document, material, or information.	
10	(g) The:	1
11	(1) disclosure to the commissioner under this section of	
12	documents, materials, or information described in subsection	
13	(f); or	
14	(2) sharing of the documents, materials, or information as	
15	authorized by subsection (f):	
16	does not result in a waiver of an applicable privilege or claim of	
17	confidentiality in the documents, materials, or information.	
18	(h) A privilege established under a law of another state or	
19	jurisdiction that is substantially similar to the privilege established	
20	under this section is available and enforceable in a proceeding in,	
21	and in a court of, Indiana.	
22	(i) This section does not prevent or prohibit the commissioner	
23	from disclosing the content of an examination report, preliminary	
24	examination report or results, or a matter relating to an	
25	examination report or preliminary examination report or results,	
26	to the commissioner of another state or country, law enforcement	
27	officials of Indiana or another state or agency of the federal	•
28	government, or the NAIC, if the entity receiving the report or	
29	matters relating to the report agrees in writing to hold the report	١
30	or matters confidential and in a manner consistent with this	
31	section.	
32	SECTION 31. IC 27-8-19.8-18.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
33	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
34	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18.2. (a) An examiner may not be	
35	appointed under section 18(d) of this chapter if the examiner,	
36	directly or indirectly:	
37	(1) has a conflict of interest with;	
38	(2) is affiliated with the management of; or	
39	(3) owns a pecuniary interest in;	
40	a person subject to examination under this chapter.	
41	(b) Subsection (a) does not automatically preclude an examiner	



from being:

1	(1) a viator;
2	(2) an insured; or
3	(3) a beneficiary;
4	of a policy that is proposed to be the subject of a viatical settlement
5	contract.
6	(c) The commissioner may retain, on an individual basis,
7	qualified actuaries, certified public accountants, and other similar
8	independently practicing individuals, regardless of whether they
9	may be similarly employed or retained by a person that is subject
10	to examination under this chapter.
11	SECTION 32. IC 27-8-19.8-18.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
12	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
13	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18.3. (a) A cause of action does
14	not arise, and liability shall not be imposed, against the
15	commissioner, the commissioner's authorized representative, or an
16	examiner appointed by the commissioner for a statement made or
17	conduct performed in good faith while implementing this chapter.
18	(b) A cause of action does not arise, and liability shall not be
19	imposed, against a person for communicating or delivering
20	information or data to the commissioner, the commissioner's
21	authorized representative, or an examiner appointed by the
22	commissioner related to an examination made under this chapter
23	if the communication or delivery is performed in good faith and
24	without fraudulent intent or the intent to deceive.
25	(c) Subsection (b) does not abrogate or modify a common law or
26	statutory privilege or immunity of a person specified in subsection
27	(a).
28	(d) A person specified in subsection (a) or (b) is entitled to an
29	award of attorney's fees and costs if the person is the prevailing
30	party in a civil cause of action for libel, slander, or another
31	relevant tort arising out of activities undertaken to implement this
32	chapter.
33	SECTION 33. IC 27-8-19.8-18.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
34	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
35	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18.4. The commissioner may
36	investigate a:
37	(1) suspected fraudulent viatical settlement act; and
38	(2) person engaged in the business of viatical settlements.
39	SECTION 34. IC 27-8-19.8-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 19. (a) After a hearing
41	under IC 4-21.5, the department may suspend, revoke, or refuse to
42	renew a viatical settlement provider's license, or impose a civil penalty,



1	or both, if the department finds any of the following:	
2	(1) There was a material misrepresentation in the application for	
3	the license.	
4	(2) The viatical settlement provider is or:	
5	(A) an officer of;	
6	(B) a partner in;	
7	(C) a member of; or	
8	(D) a key member of management of;	
9	the viatical settlement provider has been shown to be	
10	untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement	4
11	provider.	
12	(3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of	
13	unreasonable payments to viators.	
14	(4) The viatical settlement provider has been convicted of, or	
15	pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, an offense the definition of	
16	which includes fraudulent acts as an element of the offense	4
17	regardless of whether a judgement judgment has been entered by	
18	the court.	
19	(5) The viatical settlement provider no longer meets the	
20	requirements for initial licensure.	
21	(6) The viatical settlement provider has failed to honor the	
22	contractual obligations of a viatical settlement contract.	
23	(7) The viatical settlement provider, including an officer of, a	
24	partner in, a member of, or a key member of management of	
25	the viatical settlement provider, has violated this chapter.	
26	(8) The viatical settlement provider has assigned, transferred,	_
27	or pledged a viaticated policy to a person other than:	
28	(A) a viatical settlement provider licensed under this	
29	chapter;	
30	(B) an accredited investor or qualified institutional buyer	
31	(as defined in Regulation D, Rule 501, or Rule 144A of the	
32 33	federal Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a -77aa));	
34	<ul><li>(C) a financing entity;</li><li>(D) a special purpose entity; or</li></ul>	
35	(E) a related provider trust.	
36	(9) The viatical settlement provider has facilitated the change	
37	of state of residency of a policy or a viator to avoid	
38	compliance with this chapter.	
39	(b) The commissioner may, after a proceeding held under	
40	IC 4-21.5, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew an insurance	
41	producer's license under IC 27-1-15.6 if the commissioner finds	
42	that the insurance producer has:	



1	(1) violated this chapter;
2	(2) received a fee, a commission, or other valuable
3	consideration for the insurance producer's services with
4	respect to a viatical settlement contract that involved:
5	(A) an unlicensed viatical settlement provider;
6	(B) a person who offered or attempted to negotiate a
7	viatical settlement contract and:
8	(i) was not a viatical settlement broker; or
9	(ii) dealt in bad faith with a viator;
10	(3) facilitated a change of state of residency of a policy or a
11	viator to avoid compliance with this chapter; or
12	(4) dealt in bad faith with a viator.
13	SECTION 35. IC 27-8-19.8-20.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
14	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
15	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 20.1. An insurer that issues a
16	policy shall, on a form prescribed by the commissioner, respond to
17	a request from a viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement
18	broker for verification of coverage:
19	(1) not more than thirty (30) calendar days after the date the
20	request is received by the insurer;
21	(2) by:
22	(A) completing and issuing; or
23	(B) indicating in what respects the insurer is unable to
24	issue;
25	the verification of coverage; and
26	(3) indicating whether, based on medical evidence and
27	documents available to the insurer, the insurer will investigate
28	the validity of the policy.
29	SECTION 36. IC 27-8-19.8-21, AS AMENDED BY P.L.223-2005,
30	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 21. (a) A viatical settlement contract must
32	establish the terms under which the viatical settlement provider will
33	pay value, in return for the viator's assignment, bequest, devise, sale,
34	or transfer of the death benefit, certificate, or ownership of the
35	insurance policy to the viatical settlement provider.
36	(b) Subject to subsection (c), a viatical settlement contract must
37	provide for the unconditional rescission of the contract by the viator for
38	during the longer shorter of the following:
39	(1) The period ending not more than fifteen (15) days after the
40	receipt of the viatical settlement proceeds by the viator. or
41	(2) The period ending not more than thirty (30) days after
42	execution of the contract.



1	(c) The rescission of a viatical settlement contract under
2	subsection (b) is effective only if:
3	(1) notice of the rescission is provided; and
4	(2) repayment of proceeds and premiums, loans, and loan
5	interest is made;
6	to the viatical settlement provider during the period described in
7	subsection (b).
8	(c) (d) A viatical settlement contract is rescinded if the insured dies
9	during the rescission period, subject to repayment to the viatical
10	settlement provider, not more than forty-five (45) days after the date
11	the insured dies, of all proceeds and any premiums, loans, and loan
12	interest that have been paid by the viatical settlement provider.
13	SECTION 37. IC 27-8-19.8-21.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
14	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
15	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 21.5. If the insured under a policy
16	does not have a terminal illness or a chronic illness, the payment
17	under a viatical settlement contract involving the policy must be in
18	an amount greater than the cash surrender value or accelerated
19	death benefit available under the policy at the time the viatical
20	settlement contract is entered into.
21	SECTION 38. IC 27-8-19.8-23, AS AMENDED BY P.L.223-2005,
22	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 23. (a) A viatical settlement provider or viatical
24	settlement broker shall, not later than the date of application, provide
25	to a viator a brochure approved by the commissioner and describing the
26	viatical settlement process. If a brochure describes only a viatical
27	settlement contract in which the insured does not have a catastrophic
28	or life threatening terminal illness or chronic illness, or condition, the
29	brochure may use the term "life settlement" in place of the term
30	"viatical settlement".
31	(b) A viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement broker shall,
32	in a separate document that is signed by the viator and the viatical
33	settlement provider or viatical settlement broker, disclose the following
34	information to the viator not later than the date of application:
35	(1) Possible alternatives to viatical settlement contracts, including
36	accelerated benefits or policy loans offered by the issuer of the
37	<del>life insurance</del> policy.
38	(2) Federal and state tax consequences that may result from
39	entering into a viatical settlement contract, and that the viator
40	should seek assistance from a professional tax advisor.
41	(3) Possible:
42	(A) adverse effect on eligibility for; or



1	(B) interruption of assistance provided by;
2	medical or public assistance programs as a consequence of
3	entering into a viatical settlement contract, and that the viator
4	should seek advice from the appropriate government agencies.
5	(4) The viator's right to rescind a viatical settlement contract as
6	provided in section 21 of this chapter.
7	(5) The amount of any fees paid by a viatical settlement provider
8	to a In the case of a viatical settlement broker, that the viatical
9	settlement broker:
10	(A) represents only the viator;
l 1	(B) does not represent the insurer or the viatical settlement
12	provider; and
13	(C) owes a duty to the viator to act according to the
14	viator's instructions.
15	(6) A statement that proceeds of the viatical settlement could be
16	subject to claims of creditors.
17	(7) A statement that:
18	(A) entering into a viatical settlement contract may cause other
19	rights or benefits under the policy, including conversion rights,
20	waiver of premium benefits, family riders, or coverage of a life
21	other than the insured, to be forfeited by the viator; and
22	(B) the viator should seek advice from a financial advisor.
23	(8) The procedure for contacts with the insured.
24	(9) (8) That the proceeds of the viatical settlement will be
25	transferred to the viator as provided in section 24.2 of this
26	chapter.
27	(10) (9) A statement containing the following language:
28	"All medical, financial, or personal information solicited or
29	obtained by a viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement
30	broker about an insured, including the insured's identity or the
31	identity of family members, a spouse, or a significant other
32	may be disclosed as necessary to effect the viatical settlement
33	between the viator and the viatical settlement provider. If you
34	are asked to provide this information, you will be asked to
35	consent to the disclosure. The information may be provided to
36	someone who buys the policy or provides funds for the
37	purchase. You may be asked to renew your permission to share
38	information every two years.".
39	(11) (10) That the insured may be contacted by the viatical
40	settlement provider or viatical settlement broker to determine the
<b>4</b> 1	health status of the insured in accordance with section 24.9 of this
12	chapter.



1	(c) The viatical settlement provider shall disclose the following
2	information to the viator, conspicuously displayed in the viatical
3	settlement contract or in a separate document signed by the viatical
4	settlement provider and the viator, before a viatical settlement contract
5	is signed:
6	(1) Any affiliation between the viatical settlement provider and
7	the insurer that issued the <del>life insurance</del> policy <del>or certificate</del> that
8	is the subject of the viatical settlement contract.
9	(2) The name, address, and telephone number of the viatical
10	settlement provider.
11	(3) If the life insurance policy or certificate that is the subject of
12	the viatical settlement contract was issued as a joint policy or
13	includes family riders or any coverage of an individual other than
14	the insured:
15	(A) the possible loss of coverage of the other individuals under
16	the policy; or certificate; and
17	(B) that the viator should consult with the viator's insurance
18	producer or the insurer that issued the policy or certificate for
19	advice concerning the proposed viatical settlement contract.
20	(4) The:
21	(A) dollar amount of the current death benefit payable to the
22	viatical settlement provider; and
23	(B) if known, the:
24	(i) availability of any additional guaranteed insurance
25	benefits;
26	(ii) dollar amount of any accidental death and
27	dismemberment benefits; and
28	(iii) viatical settlement provider's interest in the benefits
29	described in items (i) and (ii);
30	under the policy. <del>or certificate.</del>
31	(5) The:
32	(A) name, business address, and telephone number of the
33	trustee or escrow agent described in section 24.2 of this
34	chapter; and
35	(B) right of the viator or insured to inspect or receive copies of
36	the relevant escrow or trust agreements or documents.
37	(d) A viatical settlement broker shall disclose to the viator,
38	conspicuously displayed in the viatical settlement contract or in a
39	separate document signed by the viatical settlement broker and the
40	viator before a viatical settlement contract is signed, the amount and
41	method of calculation of the viatical settlement broker's compensation.
	•
42	(e) (d) If a viatical settlement provider transfers ownership or



1	changes the beneficiary of a viaticated policy, the viatical settlement
2	provider shall, not more than twenty (20) days after the transfer or
3	change occurs, inform the insured of the transfer or change.
4	SECTION 39. IC 27-8-19.8-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.223-2005,
5	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 24. A viatical settlement provider shall obtain the
7	following: before entering into a viatical settlement contract:
8	(1) Before entering into or effectuating a viatical settlement
9	contract:
10	(A) if the viator is the insured, a written statement from a
11	licensed attending physician that the insured is of sound mind
12	and under no constraint or undue influence; and
13	(B) a statement signed by the viator and witnessed by two
14	(2) disinterested witnesses in which the viator discloses the
15	identity of any person that served as a viatical settlement
16	broker in connection with the viatical settlement contract.
17	(2) Before or at the time of execution of a viatical settlement
18	contract, a document signed by the viator and witnessed by two
19	(2) disinterested witnesses in which the viator does the following:
20	(A) Consents to the viatical settlement contract.
21	(B) If the insured has a catastrophic or life threatening
22	terminal illness or chronic illness, or condition,
23	acknowledges that:
24	(i) the <del>catastrophic</del> or <del>life threatening</del> insured has a
25	terminal illness or chronic illness; or condition; and
26	(ii) the terminal illness or chronic illness was diagnosed
27	after the policy was issued.
28	(C) Represents that the viator has a full and complete
29	understanding of the viatical settlement contract.
30	(D) Represents that the viator has a full and complete
31	understanding of the benefits of the life insurance policy.
32	(E) Acknowledges that the viator has entered is entering into
33	the viatical settlement contract freely and voluntarily.
34	(F) Discloses the identity of any person that served as a
35	viatical settlement broker in connection with the viatical
36	settlement contract.
37	(3) A document in which the insured consents to the release of the
38	insured's medical records.
39	SECTION 40. IC 27-8-19.8-24.7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 24.7. Except as
41	otherwise provided required by law, a person with actual knowledge
42	of a viator's <b>or insured's</b> identity may shall not disclose that identity



1	to another person unless the disclosure is:
2	(1) necessary to effect a viatical settlement contract <b>between a</b>
3	viator and the viatical settlement provider and the viator has
4	provided or insured, or both if required, provide prior written
5	consent to the disclosure;
6	(2) provided in response to an investigation or examination by
7	the commissioner or other governmental officer or agency; or
8	(3) in connection with a term of or condition to a transfer of a
9	viatical settlement contract or viaticated policy to another licensed
10	by one (1) viatical settlement provider or to an entity that
11	provides financing to effect the viatical settlement contract under
12	a written agreement with a licensed another viatical settlement
13	provider;
14	(4) necessary to permit a financing entity, related provider
15	trust, or special purpose entity to finance the purchase of a
16	policy by a viatical settlement provider and the viator and
17	insured have provided prior written consent to the disclosure;
18	(5) necessary to allow the viatical settlement provider or the
19	viatical settlement provider's authorized representative to
20	make contacts to determine health status; or
21	(6) required to purchase stop loss coverage.
22	SECTION 41. IC 27-8-19.8-25 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 25. The department
24	may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to do the following:
25	(1) Establish standards for evaluating the reasonableness of
26	payments under viatical settlement contracts involving an
27	insured who has a terminal illness or a chronic illness,
28	including regulation of discount rates used to determine the
29	amount paid in exchange for an assignment, a bequest, a devise,
30	a sale, or a transfer of a benefit under a life insurance policy.
31	(2) Establish:
32	(A) licensing requirements, fees, and standards for
33	continued licensure for a viatical settlement provider; and
34	(B) a fee for an insurance producer that meets the
35	requirements of section 8.5 of this chapter and acts as a
36	viatical settlement broker.
37	(3) Require a bond or another mechanism for financial
38	accountability for a viatical settlement provider.
39	(4) Govern the relationship and responsibilities of an insurer,
40	a viatical settlement provider, a viatical settlement broker, an
41	insurance producer that meets the requirements of section 8.5
42	of this chapter and acts as a viatical settlement broker, and



1		
1	another person in the business of viatical settlements during	
2	the period of consideration or effectuation of a viatical	
3	settlement contract.	
4	SECTION 42. IC 27-8-19.8-25.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
5	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
6	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 25.2. (a) This section applies to	
7	advertising of viatical settlement contracts or related products or	
8	services intended for dissemination in Indiana, including Internet	
9	advertising viewed by individuals in Indiana.	
10	(b) An advertisement of a licensee's contracts, products, and	
11	services, regardless of by whom the advertisement is written,	
12	created, designed, or presented, is the responsibility of:	
13	(1) the licensee; and	
14	(2) the person that writes, creates, designs, or presents the	
15	advertisement.	
16	(c) A licensee shall establish and maintain a system of control	
17	over the content, form, and method of dissemination of an	
18	advertisement described in subsection (b), including regular	
19	routine notification, at least one (1) time per year, to agents and	
20	other persons that are authorized to disseminate the advertisement,	
21	of the requirements and procedures for approval before the use of	
22	an advertisement that is not furnished by the licensee.	
23	(d) An advertisement must:	
24	(1) be truthful and not misleading in fact or by implication;	
25	(2) be in a form and have content that is sufficiently complete	
26	and clear to avoid deception when the advertisement concerns	
27	a viatical settlement contract; and	
28	(3) not have the capacity or tendency to mislead or deceive, as	
29	determined by the commissioner, from the overall impression	
30	that the advertisement may be reasonably expected to create	
31	upon an individual of average education or intelligence in the	
32	segment of the public to which the advertisement is directed.	
33	(e) The following provisions apply to an advertisement:	
34	(1) An advertisement may not omit material information or	
35	use words, phrases, statements, references, or illustrations if	
36	the omission or use has the capacity, tendency, or effect of	
37	misleading or deceiving the public as to the nature or extent	
38	of a benefit, loss covered, or state or federal tax consequence.	
39	The existence of any of the following does not remedy a	
40	misleading statement:	
41	(A) The availability of a viatical settlement contract for	

inspection before consummation of the sale of the policy.



1	(B) An offer to refund the payment made to the viator if	
2	the viator is not satisfied.	
3	(C) A viatical settlement contract that includes a free look	
4	period that satisfies or exceeds legal requirements.	
5	(2) An advertisement may not use the name or title of an	
6	insurer or a policy unless the advertisement has been	
7	approved by the insurer.	
8	(3) An advertisement may not state or imply that interest	
9	charged on an accelerated death benefit or a policy loan is	
10	unfair, inequitable, or in any manner an incorrect or	
11	improper practice.	
12	(4) The terms "free", "no cost", "without cost", "no	
13	additional cost", "at no extra cost", or similar terms may not	
14	be used with respect to a benefit or service, unless the term is	
15	true. An advertisement may:	
16	(A) specify the charge for a benefit or service;	
17	(B) state that a charge is included in the payment; or	
18	(C) use other appropriate language.	
19	(5) A testimonial, an appraisal, an analysis, or an	
20	endorsement used in an advertisement must:	
21	(A) be genuine;	
22	(B) represent the current opinion of the author;	
23	(C) be applicable to the viatical settlement contract,	
24	product, or service advertised; and	
25	(D) be accurately reproduced with sufficient completeness	
26	to avoid misleading or deceiving prospective viators as to	
27	the nature or scope of the testimonial, appraisal, analysis,	
28	or endorsement.	V
29	In using a testimonial, an appraisal, an analysis, or an	
30	endorsement, a licensee makes as the licensee's own all	
31	statements contained in the testimonial, appraisal, analysis, or	
32	endorsement and the statements are subject to this section.	
33	(6) If an individual making a testimonial, an appraisal, an	
34	analysis, or an endorsement:	
35	(A) has a financial interest in a viatical settlement provider	
36	or related entity as a stockholder, a director, an officer, an	
37	employee, or otherwise; or	
38	(B) receives a direct or an indirect benefit, other than	
39	required union scale wages;	
40	the existence of the financial interest or benefit must be	
41	prominently disclosed in the advertisement in which the	
42	testimonial, appraisal, analysis, or endorsement is used.	



1	(7) An advertisement may not state or imply that a viatical	
2	settlement contract, benefit, or service has been approved or	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
3	endorsed by a group of individuals, a society, an association,	
4	or another organization unless:	
5	(A) the approval or endorsement has occurred; and	
6	(B) any relationship between an organization and the	
7	licensee is disclosed.	
8	(8) If an entity that makes an endorsement or a testimonial:	
9	(A) is owned, controlled, or managed by a licensee; or	_
.0	(B) receives a payment or other consideration from a	4
1	licensee for making the endorsement or testimonial;	
2	that fact must be disclosed in the advertisement.	
.3	(9) If an endorsement refers to benefits received under a	
.4	viatical settlement contract, all pertinent information	
.5	concerning the viatical settlement contract must be retained	
.6	for at least five (5) years after the endorsement is used.	4
.7	(f) Information that must be disclosed under subsection (e) must	
. 8	not be minimized, rendered obscure, presented in an ambiguous	
9	manner, or intermingled with the text of the advertisement so as to	
20	be confusing or misleading.	
21	(g) An advertisement must not contain statistical information	
22	unless:	
23	(1) the statistical information accurately reflects recent and	
24	relevant facts; and	
2.5	(2) the source of the statistics used in the advertisement is	
26	identified.	
27	(h) An advertisement must not disparage an insurer, a viatical	
28	settlement provider, a viatical settlement broker, an insurance	
29	producer, a policy, a service, or a method of marketing.	
0	(i) In an advertisement concerning a licensee or a licensee's	
1	viatical settlement contract, products, or services:	
32	(1) the name, address, and telephone number of the licensee	
3	must be clearly identified;	
34	(2) if a specific viatical settlement contract is advertised, the	
55	viatical settlement contract must be identified by form	
66	number or another appropriate description; and	
37	(3) if an application is part of the advertisement, the name of	
8	the viatical settlement provider must appear on the	
9	application.	
10	(j) An advertisement must not include a trade name, group	
1	designation, name of the parent company of a licensee, name of a	

particular division of the licensee, service mark, slogan, symbol, or



1	another device or reference without disclosing the name of the	
2	licensee if the inclusion would:	
3	(1) have the capacity or tendency to mislead or deceive as to	
4	the true identity of the licensee; or	
5	(2) create the impression that a person other than the licensee	
6	has any responsibility for the financial obligation under a	
7	viatical settlement contract.	
8	(k) An advertisement must not include a combination of words,	
9	symbols, or physical materials that by the content, phraseology,	
10	shape, color, or other characteristics of the combination:	
11	(1) is so similar to a combination of words, symbols, or	
12	physical materials used by a government program or agency;	
13	or	
14	(2) otherwise appears to be of such a nature;	
15	that the combination tends to mislead a prospective viator into	
16	believing that the solicitation is in some manner connected with a	
17	government program or agency.	
18	(l) An advertisement may:	
19	(1) reflect that a licensee is licensed in the state where the	
20	advertisement appears if the advertisement does not:	
21	(A) exaggerate the licensee's licensure in the state; or	
22	(B) suggest or imply that a competing licensee may not also	
23	be licensed in the state; and	
24	(2) ask the audience to consult the licensee's Internet web site	
25	or contact the department of insurance to determine:	
26	(A) whether the state requires licensure; and	
27	(B) if the state requires licensure, whether the licensee or	
28	another viatical settlement provider is licensed.	
29	(m) An advertisement must not create the impression that:	
30	(1) a viatical settlement provider;	
31	(2) a viatical settlement provider's financial condition or	
32	status;	
33	(3) the payment of a viatical settlement provider's claims; or	
34	(4) the merits, desirability, or advisability of a viatical	
35	settlement provider's viatical settlement contracts;	
36	are recommended or endorsed by a government entity.	
37	(n) An advertisement:	
38	(1) must state the name of the actual licensee; and	
39	(2) must not use a trade name, a group designation, the name	
40	of an affiliate or a controlling entity of the licensee, a service	
41	mark, a slogan, a symbol, or another device in a manner that	
12	would have the canacity or tendency to mislead or deceive as	



1	to the true identity of the actual licensee or create the false	
2	impression that an affiliate or a controlling entity would have	
3	any responsibility for the financial obligation of the licensee.	
4	(o) An advertisement must not directly or indirectly create the	
5	impression that a division or an agency of Indiana or of the federal	
6	government endorses, approves, or favors:	
7	(1) a licensee or a licensee's business practices or methods of	
8	operation;	
9	(2) the merits, desirability, or advisability of a viatical	
10	settlement contract;	
11	(3) a viatical settlement contract; or	
12	(4) a policy or an insurer.	
13	(p) If an advertiser emphasizes the speed with which a viatical	
14	settlement contract will occur, the advertisement must disclose,	
15	based upon facts concerning the business of the licensee that is the	
16	subject of the advertisement, the average time frame:	
17	(1) from the completed application to the date of offer of a	
18	viatical settlement contract; and	
19	(2) from acceptance of the offer of the viatical settlement	
20	contract to receipt of the funds by the viator.	
21	(q) If an advertisement emphasizes a dollar amount available to	
22	a viator, the advertisement must disclose the average purchase	
23	price as a percent of face value obtained by viators that entered	
24	into a viatical settlement contract with the licensee during the	
25	previous six (6) months.	
26	SECTION 43. IC 27-8-19.8-25.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
27	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	1
28	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 25.3. (a) A person shall not	
29	commit a fraudulent viatical settlement act.	
30	(b) A person may not knowingly or intentionally interfere with:	
31	(1) the enforcement of this chapter; or	
32	(2) an investigation of a suspected or an actual violation of	
33	this chapter.	
34	(c) A person in the business of viatical settlements may not	
35	knowingly or intentionally permit a person convicted of a felony	
36	involving dishonesty or breach of trust to participate in the	
37	business of viatical settlements.	
38	(d) A viatical settlement contract and an application for a	
39	viatical settlement contract, regardless of the form of transmission,	
40	must contain the following statement or a substantially similar	
41	statement:	
42	"A person who knowingly presents false information in an	



application for insurance or a viatical settlement contract is guilty
of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.".
(e) The lack of the statement required under subsection (d) does
not constitute a defense to a prosecution under IC 35-43-5-4.5
against a person who commits a fraudulent viatical settlement act.
(f) A person that is engaged in the business of viatical
settlements and has knowledge or a reasonable belief that a
fraudulent viatical settlement act is being, will be, or has been
committed shall provide to the commissioner the information
required, and in a manner prescribed, by the commissioner.
(g) A person that has knowledge or a reasonable belief that a
fraudulent viatical settlement act is being, will be, or has been
committed may provide to the commissioner the information
required, and in a manner prescribed, by the commissioner.
(h) Civil liability may not be imposed on, and a cause of action
may not arise from, a person's furnishing information concerning
a suspected, an anticipated, or a completed fraudulent viatical
settlement act or a suspected or completed fraudulent insurance
act, if the information is provided to or received from:
(1) the commissioner or the commissioner's employee, agent,
or representative;
(2) a federal, state, or local law enforcement or regulatory
official or an employee, an agent, or a representative of a
federal, state, or local law enforcement or regulatory official;
(3) a person that is involved in the prevention and detection of
a fraudulent viatical settlement act or the person's agent,
employee, or representative;
(4) the NAIC, the National Association of Securities Dealers,
the North American Securities Administrators Association, an
employee, agent, or representative of the NAIC, the National
Association of Securities Dealers, or the North American
Securities Administrators Association, or another regulatory
body that oversees life insurance or viatical settlement
contracts; or
(5) the insurer that issued the policy covering the life of the
insured.
(i) Subsection (h) does not apply to statements made with actual
malice. In an action brought against a person for filing a report or
furnishing other information concerning a fraudulent viatical
settlement act or a fraudulent insurance act, the party bringing the
action must specifically plead an allegation to which subsection (h)
does not apply because the person filing the report or furnishing



1	the information did so with actual malice.	
2	(j) A person identified in subsection (h) is entitled to an award	
3	of attorney's fees and costs if the:	
4	(1) person is the prevailing party in a civil cause of action for	
5	libel, slander, or another relevant tort arising out of activities	
6	in which the person engaged to comply with this chapter; and	
7	(2) party bringing the action did not have a reasonable basis	
8	in law or fact to initiate the action.	
9	(k) This section does not abrogate or modify common law or	
10	statutory privileges or immunities of a person described in	
11	subsection (h).	
12	(1) Subsection (h) does not apply to a person's furnishing	
13	information concerning the person's own suspected, anticipated, or	
14	completed fraudulent viatical settlement act or suspected,	
15	anticipated, or completed fraudulent insurance act.	
16	SECTION 44. IC 27-8-19.8-25.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
17	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
18	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 25.5. (a) It is a violation of this	
19	chapter for a person to enter into a viatical settlement contract less	
20	than two (2) years after the date of issuance of the policy unless the	
21	viator certifies to the viatical settlement provider that one (1) or	<b>E4</b>
22	more of the following conditions have been met during the two (2)	
23	year period:	
24	(1) The policy was issued upon the viator's exercise of	
25	conversion rights arising out of a policy, if the total of the time	
26	covered under the conversion policy plus the time covered	_
27	under the prior policy is at least twenty-four (24) months. The	
28	time covered under a group policy is calculated without	Y
29	regard to a change in insurers if the coverage has been	
30	continuous and under the same group sponsorship.	
31	(2) The viator submits independent evidence to the viatical	
32	settlement provider that one (1) or more of the following	
33	conditions have been met during the two (2) year period:	
34	(A) The viator or insured has a terminal illness or chronic	
35 36	illness.	
	(B) A final order, judgment, or decree is entered by a court	
37 38	with jurisdiction, on the application of a creditor of the viator:	
38 39	viator:  (i) adjudicating the viator bankrupt or insolvent;	
40	(ii) approving a petition seeking reorganization of the	
40 41	viator; or	
42	(iii) appointing a receiver, trustee, or liquidator to all or	
<b>⊤</b> ∠	(iii) appointing a receiver, trustee, or inquitation to all of	



1	a substantial part of the viator's assets.	
2	(b) A viatical settlement provider shall, at the time the viatical	
3	settlement provider submits a request to an insurer for verification	
4	of coverage, submit to the insurer copies of:	
5	(1) independent evidence described in subsection (a)(2);	
6	(2) the document required by section 24(3) of this chapter;	
7	and	
8	(3) a letter of attestation from the viatical settlement provider	
9	that the copies are true and correct copies of the independent	
10	evidence and documents received by the viatical settlement	
11	provider.	
12	(c) If a viatical settlement provider submits to an insurer a copy	
13	of independent evidence described in subsection (a)(2) when the	
14	viatical settlement provider submits a request to the insurer to	
15	effect the transfer of a policy to the viatical settlement provider:	
16	(1) the copy is considered to conclusively establish that the	
17	viatical settlement contract satisfies the requirements of this	
18	chapter; and	
19	(2) the insurer shall timely respond to the request.	
20	(d) A violation of this chapter is an unfair and deceptive act or	
21	practice in the business of insurance under IC 27-4-1-4.	
22	SECTION 45. IC 34-30-2-116.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
23	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
24	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 116.3. IC 27-8-19.8-25.3(h)	-
25	(Concerning the furnishing of information about a possible	
26	fraudulent viatical settlement act).	
27	SECTION 46. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE	
28	JULY 1, 2007]: IC 27-8-19.8-4.3; IC 27-8-19.8-9.2.	V

